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GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the UNITED
STATES of AMERICA

To all to whom these Presents shall come : Greeting.

WHEREAS on the twenty-sixth day of June last, certain articles with the Cherokee Indians were stipulated by Henry Knox, Secretary for the Department of War, being duly authorized thereto, in behalf of the United States ; which articles are in the words following :

“ Articles with the Cherokee Indians.

Whereas the treaty made and concluded on Holston river on the second day of July one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one between the United States of America and the Cherokee nation of Indians has not been fully carried into execution by reason of some misunderstandings which has arisen.

1. And whereas the undersigned Henry Knox Secretary for the Department of War, being authorized thereto by the President of the United States in behalf of the said United States and the undersigned Chiefs and Warriors in their own names and in behalf of the whole Cherokee nation are desirous of re-establishing peace and friendship between the said parties in a permanent manner Do hereby declare that the said treaty of Holston is to all intents and purposes in full force and binding upon the said parties as well in respect to the boundaries therein mentioned as in all other respects whatever.

2. It is hereby stipulated that the boundaries mentioned in the fourth article of the said treaty shall be actually ascertained and marked in the manner prescribed by the said article whenever the Cherokee nation shall have ninety days notice of the time and place at which the commissioners of the United States intend to commence their operation.

3. The United States to evince their justice by amply compensating the said Cherokee nation of Indians for all relinquishments of land made either by the treaty of Hopewell upon the Keowee river concluded on the twenty-eighth of November one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five or the aforesaid treaty made upon Holston river on the second of July one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, do hereby stipulate in lieu of all former sums to be paid annually to furnish the Cherokee Indians with goods suitable for their use to the amount of five thousand dollars yearly.

4. And the said Cherokee nation in order to evince the sincerity of their intentions in future to prevent the practice of stealing horses attended with the most pernicious consequences to the lives and peace of both parties do hereby agree that for every horse which shall be stolen from the white inhabitants by any Cherokee Indians and not returned within three months that the sum of fifty dollars shall be deducted from the the said annuity of five thousand dollars.

5. The articles now stipulated will be considered as permanent additions to the treaty of Holston as soon as they shall have been ratified by the President of the United States and the Senate of the United States.

IN WITNESS of all and every thing herein determined between the United States of America and the whole Cherokee nation, the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals in the city of Philadelphia within the United States this twenty-sixth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four.

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|---|---------|
| H. KNOX, Secy of War. | (L. s.) |
| TEKAKISSKEE, X or Taken out of the Water. | (L. s.) |
| NONTUAKA, + or the Northward. | (L. s.) |
| CINASAW, L or the Cabbins. | (L. s.) |
| SKYUKA. | (L. s.) |
| CHUQUILATAGUE, DH or Double Head. | (L. s.) |
| JOHN M' CLEEMORE. + | (L. s.) |
| WALALUE, / or the Humming Bird. | (L. s.) |
| CHULEOWEE. O | (L. s.) |
| USTANAQUA. + | (L. s.) |
| KULLUSATHEE. X | (L. s.) |
| SITFAHA. X | (L. s.) |
| KEENAGUNA, + or the Lying Fawn. | (L. s.) |
| CHATAKAELEASA, G or the Fowl Carrier. | (L. s.) |

DONE IN THE PRESENCE OF

JOHN THOMPSON,	} Interpreters.
ARTHUR COODEY,	

Cantwell Jones, of Delaware.
William Wofford, of the state of Georgia.
W. M'Caleb, of South-Carolina.
Samuel Lewis, of Philadelphia."

NOW KNOW YE, That I having considered the said articles, do by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, accept, ratify and confirm the same, and every article and clause thereof: IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed, and signed the same with my hand.

GIVEN in the city of Philadelphia, the twenty-first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, (L. s.) and in the nineteenth year of the sovereignty and independence of the United States.

G^o: WASHINGTON.

By the President. EDM. RANDOLPH.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA.

To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting :

WHEREAS a treaty of peace and friendship between the United States of America and the tribes of Indians called the Six Nations, was made and concluded on the eleventh day of November last, by Timothy

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Pickering, the agent of the United States for that purpose appointed, on the one part, and the Chiefs and Warriors of the Six Nations on the other part: which Treaty is in the form and words following:

“ A Treaty between the United States of America, and the Tribes of Indians called the Six Nations.

The President of the United States having determined to hold a conference with the Six Nations of Indians, for the purpose of removing from their minds all causes of complaint, and establishing a firm and permanent friendship with them; and Timothy Pickering being appointed sole agent for that purpose; and the agent having met and conferred with the Sachems, Chiefs and Warriors of the Six Nations, in a general council: Now, in order to accomplish the good design of this Conference, the parties have agreed on the following Articles; which when ratified by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, shall be binding on them and the Six Nations.

ARTICLE I. Peace and friendship are hereby firmly established, and shall be perpetual, between the United States and the Six Nations.

ARTICLE II. The United States acknowledge the lands reserved to the Oneida, Onondaga and Cayuga Nations, in their respective treaties with the state of New York, and called their reservations, to be their property; and the United States will never claim the same, nor disturb them or either of the Six Nations, nor their Indian friends residing thereon and united with them, in the free use and enjoyment thereof: but the said reservations shall remain theirs, until they choose to sell the same to the people of the United States who have the right to purchase.

ARTICLE III. The land of the Seneka nation is bounded as follows. Beginning on Lake Ontario, at the north-west corner of the land they sold to Oliver Phelps, the line runs westerly along the lake, as far as O-yōng-wong-yeh Creek, at Johnson's Landing-place, about four miles eastward from the fort of Niagara; then southerly up that creek to its main fork, then straight to the main fork of Stedman's creek, which empties into the river Niagara above fort Schlosser, and then onward, from that fork, continuing the same straight course, to that river; (this line, from the mouth of O-yōng-wong-yeh creek to the river Niagara above fort Schlosser, being the eastern boundary of a strip of land, extending from the same line to Niagara river, which the Seneka Nation ceded to the King of Great Britain, at a treaty held about thirty years ago, with Sir William Johnson;) then the line runs along the river Niagara to lake Erie; then along lake Erie to the north-east corner of a triangular piece of land which the United States conveyed to the state of Pennsylvania, as by the President's patent dated the third day of March 1792; then due south to the northern boundary of that state; then due east to the south west corner of the land sold by the Seneka nation to Oliver Phelps; and then north and northerly along Phelps's line, to the place of beginning on lake Ontario. Now the United States acknowledge all the land within the aforementioned boundaries to be the property of the Seneka nation; and the United States will never claim the same, nor disturb the Seneka nation, nor any of the Six Nations or of their Indian friends residing thereon and united with them, in the free use and enjoyment thereof: but it shall remain theirs until they choose to sell the same to the people of the United States who have the right to purchase.

ARTICLE IV. The United States having thus described and acknowledged what lands belong to the Oneidas, Onondagas, Cayugas and Senekas, and engaged never to claim the same, nor to disturb them, or any of the Six Nations, or their Indian friends residing thereon and united with them, in the free use and enjoyment thereof: Now the Six Nations and each of them hereby engage that they will never claim any other lands within the boundaries of the United States; nor ever disturb the people of the United States in the free use and enjoyment thereof.

ARTICLE V. The Seneka nation, all others of the Six Nations concurring, cede to the United States the right of making a waggon-road from Fort Schloffer to Lake Erie, as far south as Buffalo Creek; and the people of the United States shall have the free and undisturbed use of this road for the purposes of travelling and transportation. And the Six Nations and each of them will for ever allow to the people of the United States a free passage through their lands, and the free use of the harbours and rivers adjoining and within their respective tracts of land, for the passing and securing of vessels and boats, and liberty to land their cargoes where necessary for their safety.

ARTICLE VI. In consideration of the peace and friendship hereby established, and of the engagements entered into by the Six Nations; and because the United States desire, with humanity and kindness, to contribute to their comfortable support; and to render the peace and friendship hereby established, strong and perpetual; the United States now deliver to the Six Nations and the Indians of the other nations residing among and united with them, a quantity of goods of the value of ten thousand dollars. And for the same considerations, and with a view to promote the future welfare of the Six Nations and of their Indian friends aforesaid, the United States will add the sum of three thousand dollars to the one thousand five hundred dollars heretofore allowed them by an article ratified by the President on the twenty third day of April 1792; making in the whole, four thousand five hundred dollars; which shall be expended yearly for ever, in purchasing cloathing, domestic animals, implements of husbandry and other utensils suited to their circumstances, and in compensating useful artificers who shall reside with or near them and be employed for their benefit. The immediate application of the whole annual allowance now stipulated, to be made by the Superintendent appointed by the President for the affairs of the Six Nations and their Indian friends aforesaid.

ARTICLE VII. Lest the firm peace and friendship now established should be interrupted by the misconduct of individuals, the United States and Six Nations agree, that for injuries done by individuals, on either side, no private revenge or retaliation shall take place: but instead thereof, complaint shall be made by the party injured to the other: by the Six Nations or any of them, to the President of the United States, or the Superintendent by him appointed: and by the Superintendent, or other person appointed by the President, to the principal chiefs of the Six Nations, or of the nation to which the offender belongs: and such prudent measures shall then be pursued as shall be necessary to preserve our peace and friendship unbroken; until the legislature (or great council) of the United States shall make other equitable provision for the purpose.

NOTE. It is clearly understood by the parties to this treaty, that the annuity stipulated in the sixth article is to be applied to the benefit of such of the Six Nations and of their Indian friends united with them as aforesaid, as do or shall reside within the boundaries of the United States: For the United

States do not interfere with nations, tribes or families of Indians elsewhere resident.

IN WITNESS whereof the said Timothy Pickering and the Sachems and War-chiefs of the said Six Nations, have hereto set their hands and seals.—Done at Kon-on-daigua in the state of New-York the eleventh day of November, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four.

TIMOTHY PICKERING. (L. S.)

O-no-ye-ah-nee, x	(L. S.)	Tau-ho-on-dos, x or	(L. S.)
Kon-ne-at-or-lee-oooh, x or	(L. S.)	Open the way.	(L. S.)
Handsome lake.		Twau-ke-wash-a, x	(L. S.)
To-kenh-you-haw, x alias	(L. S.)	Se-qui-dong-quee, alias	(L. S.)
Capt. Key.		Little Beard.	(L. S.)
O-nes-hau-ee, x	(L. S.)	Kod-je-ote, x or Half Town.	(L. S.)
Hendrick Aupaumut,	(L. S.)	Ken-jau-au-gus, x or	(L. S.)
David Neefoonhuk, x	(L. S.)	Stinking Fish.	(L. S.)
Kanatsoyoh, alias	(L. S.)	Soo-noh-quau-kau, x	(L. S.)
Nicholas Kusik.		Twen-ni-ya-na, x	(L. S.)
Soh-hon-te-o-quent, x	(L. S.)	Jish-kaa-ga, x or Green Grass-	(L. S.)
Oo-duht-sa-it, x	(L. S.)	hopper, alias Little Billy.	(L. S.)
Ko-nooh-qung, x	(L. S.)	Tug-geh-fhot-ta, x	(L. S.)
Tof-song-gau-lo-lus, x	(L. S.)	Tēh-ong-ya-gau-na, x	(L. S.)
John Sken-en-do-a, x	(L. S.)	Tēh-ong-yoo-wush, x	(L. S.)
O-ne-at-or-lee-oooh, x	(L. S.)	Kon-ne-yoo-we-sot, x	(L. S.)
Kuf-sau-wa-tau, x	(L. S.)	Ti-ōoh-quot-ta-kau-na, x or	(L. S.)
E-yoo-ten-yoo-tau-ook, x	(L. S.)	Woods on Fire.	(L. S.)
Kohn-ye-au-gong, alias	(L. S.)	Ta-oun-dau-deesh, x	(L. S.)
Jack Stroud.		Ho-na-ya-wus, x alias	(L. S.)
Sha-gui-e-fa, x	(L. S.)	Farmer's Brother.	(L. S.)
Teer-oos, x alias Capt. Prantup.	(L. S.)	Sog-goo-ya-waut-hau, x alias	(L. S.)
Soos-ha-oo-wau, x	(L. S.)	Red Jacket.	(L. S.)
Henry Young Brant, x	(L. S.)	Kon-yoo-ti-a-yoo, x	(L. S.)
Sonh-yoo-wau-na, x or	(L. S.)	Sauh-ta-ka-ong-yees, x (or	(L. S.)
Big Sky.		Two Skies of a length.)	(L. S.)
O-na-ah-hah, x	(L. S.)	Oun-na-thatta-kau, x	(L. S.)
Hot-osh-a-henh, x	(L. S.)	Ka-ung-ya-nēh-quee x	(L. S.)
Kau-kon-da-nai-ya, x	(L. S.)	Soō-a-yoo-wau, x	(L. S.)
Non-di-yau-ka, x	(L. S.)	Kau-je-a-ga-onh x or	(L. S.)
Kos-fish-to-wau, x	(L. S.)	Heap of Dogs.	(L. S.)
Oo-jau-geht-a, x or	(L. S.)	Soo-nōoh-fhoo-wau, x	(L. S.)
Fish Carrier		T-ha-oo-wau-ni-as x	(L. S.)
To-he-ong-go, x	(L. S.)	Soo-nong-joo-wau, x	(L. S.)
Oot-a-gual-lo, x	(L. S.)	Kiant-whau-ka, x alias	(L. S.)
Joo-non-dau-wa-onh, x	(L. S.)	Cornplanter.	(L. S.)
Ki-yau-ha-onh, x	(L. S.)	Kau-nēh-fhong-goo, x	(L. S.)
Oo-tau-je-au-genh, x or	(L. S.)		
Broken Axe.			

W I T N E S S E S.

Israel Chapin,	William Shepherd, jun.
James Smedley,	John Wickham,
Augustus Porter,	James K. Garnsey,
Wm. Ewing,	Israel Chapin, jun.

Interpreters. { Horatia Jones,
Joseph Smith,
Jasper Parish.

Henry Abeele."
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NOW KNOW YE, That I having seen and considered the said treaty, do by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, accept, ratify and confirm the same, and every article and clause thereof: IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed, and signed the same with my hand.

[L. S.]

GIVEN in the City of Philadelphia, the twenty-first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, and in the nineteenth year of the sovereignty and independence of the United States.

G^o: WASHINGTON.

By the President, EDM: RANDOLPH.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA.

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting :

WHEREAS a treaty between the United States of America and the Oneida, Tuscorora and Stockbridge Indians dwelling in the country of the Oneidas was made and concluded on the second day of December last, by Timothy Pickering, the agent of the United States for that purpose appointed, on one part, and the chiefs of those Indian nations residing in the country of the Oneidas on the other part ; which treaty is in the form and words following :

“ A treaty between the United States and the Oneida, Tuscorora and Stockbridge Indians, dwelling in the country of the Oneidas.

Whereas in the late war between Great Britain and the United States of America, a body of the Oneida and Tuscorora and the Stockbridge Indians, adhered faithfully to the United States, and assisted them with their warriors ; and in consequence of this adherence and assistance, the Oneidas and Tuscororas, at an unfortunate period of the war, were driven from their homes, and their houses were burnt and their property destroyed : And as the United States in the time of their distress, acknowledged their obligations to these faithful friends, and promised to reward them : and the United States being now in a condition to fulfil the promises then made : the following articles are stipulated by the respective parties for that purpose ; to be in force when ratified by the President and Senate.

ARTICLE I. The United States will pay the sum of five thousand dollars, to be distributed among individuals of the Oneida and Tuscorora nations, as a compensation for their individual losses and services during the late war between Great-Britain and the United States. The only man of the Kaughnawaugas now remaining in the Oneida country, as well as some few very meritorious persons of the Stockbridge Indians, will be considered in the distribution.

ARTICLE II. For the general accommodation of these Indian nations residing in the country of the Oneidas, the United States will cause to be erected a complete grist-mill and saw-mill, in a situation to serve the present principal settlements of these nations. Or if such one convenient situation cannot be found, then the United States will cause to be erected two such grist-mills and saw-mills, in places where it is now known the proposed accommodation may be effected. Of this the United States will judge.

ARTICLE III. The United States will provide, during three years after the mills shall be completed, for the expense of employing one or two suitable persons to manage the mills, to keep them in repair, to instruct some young men of the three nations in the arts of the miller and sawer, and to provide teams and utensils for carrying on the work of the mills.

ARTICLE IV. The United States will pay one thousand dollars to be applied in building a convenient church at Oneida, in the place of the one which was there burnt by the enemy, in the late war.

ARTICLE V. In consideration of the above stipulations to be performed on the part of the United States, the Oneida, Tuscorora and Stockbridge Indians aforementioned, now acknowledge themselves satisfied, and relinquish all other claims of compensation and rewards for their losses and services in the late war. Excepting only the unsatisfied claims of such men of the said nations as bore commissions under the United States, for any arrears which may be due to them as officers.

IN WITNESS whereof the chiefs of those nations residing in the country of the Oneidas, and Timothy Pickering agent for the United States, have hereto set their hands and seals, at Oneida, the second day of December, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety four.

TIMOTHY PICKERING. L. S.

Witnesses to the signing and sealing of the agent of the United States, and of the chiefs of the Oneida and Tuscorora nations.	S. KIRKLAND. JAMES DEAN, <i>Interpreter.</i>	Wolf tribe.	Head Sachems of the Oneidas.	O-dot-faihte	X	L. S.	
				Konno-quen-yau	X	L. S.	
			Eldest war chief.	John Skenendo	X	L. S.	
				Warchief	S,ho-noh-le-yo	X	L. S.
			Sachem.	Peter Konnauterlook	X	L. S.	
				Warchief	Daniel Te-ounes-lees son of Skenedo	X	L. S.
			Turtle tribe.	Warchief	Lodowick Koh-fau-we-tau	X	L. S.
					Cornelius Kauhiktoton	X	L. S.
			Bear tribe.	War chiefs.	Thomas Ofauhataugaunlot	X	L. S.
					Sachem.	T,haulondauwaugon	X
Tuscorora.	War chief	Kanatjogh or Nicholas	X	L. S.			
		Cusick	X	L. S.			

Witnesses to the signing and sealing of the four chiefs of the Stockbridge Indians whose names are below.

SAM^l. KIRKLAND.
JOHN SERGEANT.

Stockbridge Indian chiefs.	Hendrick Aupaumut	L. S.
	Joseph Quonney	L. S.
	John Kankapot	L. S.
	Jacob Konkapot	L. S."

NOW KNOW YE, That I having seen and considered the said treaty, do by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, accept, ratify and confirm the same, and every article and clause thereof: IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed and signed the same with my hand.

GIVEN in the city of Philadelphia, the twenty first day of January in the [L. S.] year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety five, and in the nineteenth year of the sovereignty and independence of the United States.

G^o: WASHINGTON,

By the President.

EDM: RANDOLPH.